

Intimations.

G. FALCONER & Co.,
WATCH-MAKERS AND JEWELLERS.
HOTEL MANSIONS.

NEW SELECTIONS OF
DIAMOND JEWELLERY AND ENGLISH SILVER WARE,
HIGH-CLASS GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES.
LARGE SELECTION OF PRESENTATION PLATE, CUPS, BOWLS, ETC.
G. FALCONER & Co. ARE AGENTS FOR ROSS'S FAMOUS TELESCOPES AND
SINGULARS, LORD KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
ADMIRALTY CHARTS AND BOOKS.

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE EMPIRE TYPEWRITER.

REGULAR HONGKONG-CANTON LINE OF STEAMERS
OF THE
COMPAGNIE FRANCAISE DES INDES ET DE L'EXTREME ORIENT

S.S. PAUL BEAU.....1900 tons, 14 knots.
S.S. CHARLES HARDOUN, 1900 tons, 14 knots.

Departure from Hongkong at 9.30 p.m. (Saturdays excepted).

Departure from Canton at 8.15 a.m. (Sundays excepted).

The Company's Wharf is at the end of WING LOK STREET (Tram Station).

CANTON AGENTS: Messrs E. PASQUET & Co.

For further particulars, please apply to

Hongkong, September 16, 1907.

REMINGTON**TYPEWRITERS**

WITH ALL REQUISITES.

SIEMSEN & CO.,

SOLE AGENTS

Hongkong, March 2, 1908

M. MUMEYA,

JAPANESE ARTIST AND PHOTOGRAPHER.

ENLARGEMENTS ON BROMIDE PAPER

AND FINISHED IN ORAYON.

ALL KINDS OF WORK DONE FOR AMATEURS.

VERY FINE PANORAMIC VIEWS OF HONGKONG.

8A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

TYPEWRITERS! TYPEWRITERS!!

Typewriters repaired, cleaned,
overhauled, and broken parts
duplicated under expert
supervision.

Old Machines Renovated. Terms Very Moderate.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

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FOR SALE, REPAIR, EXCHANGE AND HIRE.

THE DRAGON CYCLE CO.,

11, D'AGUIAR STREET.

Hongkong, February 16, 1907

USE ONLY & USE ALWAYS**ATKINSON'S**

MOST
REFRESHING.

A LUXURIOUS PERFUME
IN HEALTH.

Far Superior
to the
German Kinds.

A NECESSARY
RESTORATIVE
IN SICKNESS.

EAU DE COLOGNE**THERE IS NO DOUBT
THAT**

where ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' has been taken in the earliest stages
of a disease it has in innumerable instances prevented a serious
illness. The effect of

ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'

upon any disordered, sleepless, or feverish condition is simply
marvellous and unsurpassed. In fact it

NATURE'S OWN REMEDY

CAUTION—Examine the wrapper and see that it is marked ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT'
otherwise you have the spurious form of 'FRUIT SALT'—IMITATION.

Prepared only by J. C. ENO, Ltd., 'FRUIT SALT' WORKS, LONDON, E.C.4.

Solely by Chemists and Stores everywhere.

JOHN O'KEY & SONS
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS LONDON
EMERY
EMERY GLASS
CLOTH PAPER LEAD
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH
JOHN O'KEY & SONS LIMITED, "WELLINGTON MILLS LONDON"

Intimations.

MITSU BISHI GOSHI KWAISHA
(MITSU BISH CO.)
COAL DEPARTMENT
MARUNO-UCHI, TOKIO.

COAL ADDRESS: 'IWASAKI'

Which applies to all Branch Offices.

AI, A B C 5th Edition, Western Union

Codes used.

All Letters Addressed to—

MANAGER, MITSU BISH CO.,

BRANCH OFFICES:—

NAGASAKI, MOJI, KOBE, KANSAI,

SHANGHAI, HONGKONG AND HANKOW.

AGENCIES:—

YOKOHAMA: M. ASADA, Esq.

CHINKIANG: Messrs GRAYSON & Co

MANILA: Messrs MACDONALD & Co.

SOLE PROPRIETORS of Takasago,

Oshi, Shinwa, Naniwa and Kami-

Yamada Collieries and also Hojo Colliery,

which will shortly be ready to produce on a

large scale the best Buzen Coal.

The Head and Branch Offices and the

Agencies of the Company will receive any

order for Coals produced from the above

Collieries.

T. MATSUKI, Manager, Hongkong,

No. 2, PEDDER STREET.

Hongkong, April 23, 1906.

WE HAVE JUST UNPACKED A

SHIPMENT OF

RANSOME'S

LAWN MOWERS.

12 inch and 14 inch.

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED,

ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS,

Hongkong, November 29, 1907.

INTERNATIONAL SLEEPING

CAR & EXPRESS TRAINS

COMPANY.

(THE GREAT TRANS-SIBERIAN

ROUTE TO EUROPE).

HAVING been appointed AGENTS for

the above Company, we shall be

pleased to give any information as to rates of

passage, etc., in connection with above.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

Agents.

Hongkong, August 7, 1907.

GARMICHAEL AND

CLARKE,

CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND

SHIPBUILDERS,

SURVEYORS AND CONTRACTORS.

REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

TELEGRAMS: 'GARMICHAEL,' HONGKONG.

A. E. C. Code, 4th Edition.

A. 1 Code.

Under a Standard Code.

TELEPHONE 232.

A LING & CO.,

19, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

FURNITURE AND PHOTO GOODS

STORE.

Photographic Goods of Every

Description in Stock.

Developing and Printing Undertaken.

Hongkong, August 1, 1907.

HOMOGENEOUS

NATURAL MILK.

REMARKABLE PROGRESS IN THE ART OF

PRESERVING MILK.

PURE NATURAL COWS MILK

PRESERVES ITS GOOD TASTE IN ANY CLIMATE.

(Continued on Page 3)

It seems that the object of the Press

prosecutions at Batavia is not so much

to punish the editors for the unauthor-

ized publication of secret Government

documents as to get at the name of the

official who put the papers into their hands.

The letter of the Press law, says, the

"Java Rode" has very seldom been strictly

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alarmed the Government. Hence its deter-

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CHULDT & CO.,

Hongkong, July 14, 1906.

JOURNALISM IN JAVA.

Editors Prosecuted in Batavia.

Mr F. H. K. Zaalberg, the editor of the

Batavia "Nieuwsblad," appeared before the

Public Prosecutor, on the 20th inst., to

answer a charge of publishing, without per-

mission, a certain document from the Gov-

ernment archives, giving the programme

drawn up by General Van Heutsz, on taking

up the appointment of Governor-General.

The editor explained that he received no

permission to publish the document, but

he did not think that there was any harm

in making it public. It was printed at the

Government Press, and was marked Secret,

but the editor thought that the Govern-

ment would not object to its publication,

and he pleased at the public being enlight-

ened as to the Governor-General's policy,

which was one of good intentions.

The Public Prosecutor met this by show-

ing a letter from the Government Secre-

tary stating that the document in question

belonged to the archives, and that the

publication had never been authorised.

Mr Zaalberg retorted by referring to a

recent declaration of the Minister for the

Colonies, that the Netherlands India

Government would not undertake Press

prosecutions so readily as previously. An

adjournment followed.

Other Java papers have reprinted the

programme or had given extracts from it,

and people wonder whether the editors will

be prosecuted also under the same out-

dated statute. As matters stand, the

Government is not likely to go so far, and

will be satisfied with making the editor of

the "Nieuwsblad" liable.

It should be noted that, at first, the

public took the programme to be a huge

joke on the part of the editor, so full was

it of platitudes, commonplaces, plagiarisms

and high sounding phrases. No one

thought that the Governor-General, a man

of sound understanding, really drew it up.

The editor of the "Nieuwsblad" scathing

ly remarks that journalists in Netherlands

India must always be prepared to be ex-

perimented upon by Government in the

application of a misty statute which had

for years been stowed away in the pigeon

holes of the bureaucracy. He urges the

public, who have every interest in the

Press being free, to take action and peti-

tion the Dutch Parliament and the Hong

Government to put an end to such

prosecutions.

Mr K. Wybrands, the editor of the

"Nieuws van den Dag" appeared before the

Court of Justice at Batavia, on November

18, to meet the charge of having published

documents from the Government archives

without official permission. These docu-

ments were extracts from official corres-

pondence in the South Sumatra torture

case, the statute under which the proceed-

ings were taken requires penalties of from

1,000 to 2,000 guilders in fines.

At the outset of the proceedings, the

Public Prosecutor asked the editor whether

he intended to reveal the name of the

person who gave him the documents, and

the editor inferred, from the way the official

put the question, that the prosecution

would be stopped were the name dis-

closed. Yet, the Public Prosecutor did

not show the least surprise when the

editor answered that he had no inten-

tion whatever to reveal the name. The

same official then asked the editor

whether the Government had author-

ized the publication of the documents.

The answer was in the negative, and this

concluded the preliminary examination.

The statute under which the prosecution is

based dates from 1854. The editor asks

why the Government did not dig up other

statutes also which forbade torture, and

prohibit the passing of sentences based

upon evidence extracted by torture or

other unlawful means. The torture, he

said, escaped punishment, but he was

prosecuted for revealing their crime.

"Straits Times."

LATER.

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mination to enforce the law.

Intimations.

Don't Worry! Don't Worry!
Why Worry?
CONSULT**PHAROS.**

The Mystic and Modern Astrologer

YES, WHY WORRY?

Hotels.

Hotels.

CLARENCE HOUSE.

33, 34 & 35, NORTH SPOONHAW ROAD,
SHANGHAI.

FIRST-Class Boarding House.
Room for one per day, \$5.00.
Room for two per day, \$8.00.
Monthly Rates: Single - \$100 & \$110.
Two in a Room, \$50 extra.
Hongkong, November 3, 1907. 1754

BELLE VIEW HOTEL
(LATE METROPOLE HOTEL),
SHAWKIWAN ROAD.

A Pleasant Drive along the Sea Front,
either by Tram or Ricksha.

BEST OF WINES, BOWLING.
BILLIARD, &c.

FIRST-CLASS ACCOMMODATION
AT MODERATE RATES.

Under European Management.

A FIRST-CLASS STRING BAND
will be in attendance
EVERY SUNDAY EVENING,
at 4 o'clock.

TELEPHONE NO. 393.

VICTORIA HOTEL,
TELEGRAMS, VICTORIA, SHAMEN.
SHAMEN, CANTON.
—ON THE EASTERN COAST—

ON THE BRITISH CONCESSION.
H. HAYNES, Manager.
MACAO HOTEL.
TELEGRAMS, FARMER, MACAO.
MACAO, CHINA.
In the Centre of Praya Grand

BOTH Hotels Electrically Lighted and
under Experienced European
Management.
Every Comfort and Convenience for
Residents and Tourists.
Wm. FARMER, *Proprietor.*
Capt. T. AUSTIN, *Manager.*

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AND

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At Moderate Prices.

Programmes

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and
Books of all kinds

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Under European Supervision

China Mail Office
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HONGKONG.

SECOND EDITION.

HISTORY OF THE CHURCHES
INDIA, BURMA, SIAN, THE MALAY
PENINSULA, CAMBODIA, ANNAM, THAILAND,
COREA AND JAPAN,
Entrusted to the SOCIETY of the
"MISSION STRANGERS."

Translated by EDWARD HARPER PARK
and
Reprinted from THE CHINA REVIEW
PRICE 50 Cents
FOR SALE at The 'CHINA MAIL' OFFICE

8, Queen's Road Central.

WASHING BOOKS.
(In English and Chinese).

WASHERMAN'S BOOKS, for the

of Ladies and Gentlemen can
be had at this Office.—Price, 50 Cents.
CHINA MAIL Office, 8, Queen's Road
Central.

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Xmas =

Bazaar

NOW

OPEN.

COMING! COMING!

THEATRE ROYAL
HONGKONG.

FOR SIX NIGHTS ONLY.

OPENING 12th DECEMBER, 1907.

- THE -
BANDMANN
COMEDY CO.

22 LONDON ARTISTES 22

Will present the following latest London
Successes for the first time in Hongkong:

THURSDAY, Dec. 12th.

Alfred Sutro's brilliant comedy
'THE WALLS OF JERICHO'
By special arrangement with Mr. Arthur
Borchert. Which ran for over 2 years
at the Garrick Theatre, London.

FRIDAY, Dec. 13th.

'A MESSAGE FROM MARS'
by H. Garthoff.
By special arrangement with Mr. Charles
Hawtrey from the Avenue and Comedy
Theatre, London.

SATURDAY, Dec. 14th.

'SHERLOCK HOLMES'
A Conan Doyle's Masterpiece.
By special arrangement with Mr. Charles
Frobman from the Lyceum Theatre,
London.

MONDAY, Dec. 16th.

'JOHN CLAYDE'S HONOUR'
Alfred Sutro's latest successful play from
the St. James' Theatre, London.
By special arrangement with Mr. George
Alexander.

TUESDAY, Dec. 17th.

Mr. W. Jacob's beautiful comedy
'BEAUTY AND THE BARGE'.
The great Haymarket Theatre success.
By special arrangement with Mr. Cyril
Maude.

WEDNESDAY, Dec. 18th.

FARRELL PERFORMANCE.
'THE EARL OF PAWBUCKET'.
The present success of New York and
London, now crowding the Playhouse,
London. By special arrangement with Mr.
Cyril Maude.Prices of Admission, 3s, 2s, 1s.
Plan at Messrs S. MOUTRIE & Co.
Full Programme.Doors open at 8.30 p.m. Commence at 9 p.m.
Hongkong, November 28, 1907. 1890

FOR SALE.

BOUND VOLUMES

'NEW WEEKLY'

ARE ON SALE AT THE

'China Mail' Office,
8, Queen's Road Central.

S. MOUTRIE & Co.,

LIMITED.

NEW PIANOS

ON HIRE FROM

\$10.00 Per Month.

Tuning and Regular
Attention InclusiveSPECIAL TERMS FOR
CONTRACT TUNINGS.REPAIRING A SPE-
CIALITY.

Estimates Free.

S. MOUTRIE & Co., LD.,
YORK BUILDINGS, CHATER ROAD.

Hongkong, April 16, 1907.

A. S. WATSON
& Co., Ltd.

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1841.

CONFECTIONERY

We have Just Unpacked our

NEW SEASON'S -

CONFECTIONERY

IMPORTED FROM THE

LEADING

LONDON

and

PARISIAN

HOUSES.

A FINE ASSORTMENT

AT

Very Reasonable

Prices.

INSPECTION INVITED.

A. S. WATSON & CO.,
LIMITED,

ALEXANDRA

BUILDINGS

Hongkong, November 30, 1907.

BIRTH.

NOLAN.—At the Government Civil
Hospital, on Sunday, the 8th inst., at
5.56 p.m., the wife of N. J. NOLAN, of a
Son.

DEATH.

YOUNG.—On the 6th December, in Lon-
don, WILLIAM STEWART YOUNG, senior
Partner of Messrs Gilman & Co.

MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

Auctions.
11 a.m.—Auction of English Gold & Silver
Jewellery, at Messrs Hughes & Hough's
Sales Rooms.
5 p.m.—Auction of a Quantity of Toys,
at Mr Geo. P. Lammert's Sales Room.

General Memoranda.

WEDNESDAY, December 11:—
2 p.m.—Bazaar at City Hall.
Goods per Peshawar not cleared at 4 p.m.
on this date subject to rent.
Goods per Benarshi undelivered after this
date subject to rent.
Goods per Montgomeryshire undelivered
after this date subject to rent.
Goods per York undelivered after this
date subject to rent.
THURSDAY, December 12:—
9 p.m.—Performance at City Hall.
FRIDAY, December 13:—
Goods per China undelivered after noon
on this date subject to rent.
Goods per Nile not cleared at 4 p.m.
on this date subject to rent.
SATURDAY, December 14:—
8 p.m.—Meeting of Hongkong Cricket
Club at Club Pavilion.

The China Mail.

HONGKONG, MONDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1907.

THE AMERICAN CRISIS.

EVIDENTLY the crisis in America is not yet over. The cables almost daily tell us that great financial concerns in different parts of the country are suspending payment and that the wave of immigration which for so long has flowed America-wards is now receding towards Europe. The fact that no reduction of the Bank rate at Home has been announced is in itself sufficient proof that the financial stringency continues. The last American mail brought papers published at the time of the Knickerbocker Trust collapse and from their columns can be obtained an approximately accurate view of what, in America, was considered to be the cause of the collapse. To Mr Roosevelt's attitude towards the great financial and commercial concerns is attributed the whole disaster by a section of the press and some of the leading financiers. One of the Vice-Presidents of the Knickerbocker Trust declared in set terms that Mr Roosevelt had broken down the credit system of the country. This cry is echoed by several journals which are politically opposed to Mr Roosevelt but they are by no means unanimous. "The Nation," a sane and conservative New York weekly, which is anti-Republican and anti-tariff and therefore unlikely to be an apologist for a Republican President states that, while it has to be admitted that the President is to some extent responsible, it is ridiculous to say that he is chiefly accountable. The real cause of the crisis was the attempt to corner United Copper. A number of financiers who controlled many of the banks and trust companies used the resources of the banks to further their own financial schemes in this connection. When these schemes collapsed the banks came down with their exploiters. These were the men who were mainly responsible and this was at once recognised by the leading financiers in New York, who refused assistance to the concerns which were shaky until they jettisoned the officers who had brought about the troubles. When Messrs F. R. Thomas, who had connections with the Mercantile National Bank, the Hamilton Bank and the Consolidated National Bank, and Messrs Heinze, Morse and Barney who were associated with Mr Thomas in some of these and other financial institutions, were thrown overboard the position greatly improved. But public confidence will never be properly restored until the banking laws which operate in New York are amended. At present the deposit banks can only invest in securities which can be quickly turned into money, as they are subject to a sudden call for cash. Further they are required to keep on hand in cash 7 to 25 per cent. of their deposit liabilities. The trust companies, which were originally established to perform the duties previously carried on by trustees,

some ten or twelve years ago began to accept deposits subject to call, that is to say they carried on a similar kind of business to that of the deposit banks.

The essential difference was, however, that they were trammelled by few of the restrictions which secured the banks against suspension, except when there happened to be an exceptional loss of confidence. Last year an Act was brought into operation requiring trust companies in New York to maintain a reserve amounting to 15 per cent. of their deposit liabilities, one third of which was to be in cash. That this law is inadequate is shown by the incidents of the last few months. When the laws are improved America should be secure from any repetition of the late disturbances. The main effect of the crisis has been to call attention to the defectiveness of the laws controlling the concerns to which the people's savings have been entrusted, and the elimination of the undesirable financiers who used the resources of the banks they controlled for speculative purposes. We believe that the "Commercial and Financial Chronicle," the leading authority in New York, is correct when it says: "the developments warrant the conclusion that, as a whole, our financial institutions are, at the core, sound and healthy. It seems also correct to say that they hold a body of assets possessing worth and intrinsic merit." In all probability most of the concerns which have suspended will be reconstructed and the actual loss, as against the paper loss, resulting from the crisis will be comparatively small.

In the interests of the Colony we think that the Government might well write Sir Matthew Nathan to ask for information on the subject of white ant extermination as carried on in Natal. The treatment consists in the volatilisation of a mixture of arsenic. The deadly fumes are driven by a powerful air pump costing £4 into the galleries of the nest, permeating every part of it as evidenced by the issue of jets of smoke from unsuspected apertures for several yards round the main shaft. In this Colony white ants are very destructive and cost property holders an enormous amount. Either the Government or the property owners should enquire about the experiments being conducted in Natal.

If the remarks of a Minneapolis paper can be taken to reflect the real conditions in the United States China has no cause to hide her blushes when opium is mentioned. The "Minneapolis Agriculturist" makes bold to say that the vice of opium smoking is worse in America than it is in China—which will be news to many who have brought themselves to imagine that China is the only country in the world where opium is consumed to excess. According to the paper quoted America consumes twice as much opium per capita as does China—which seems a strong statement seeing that the population of China is accepted as being somewhere in the region of 400,000,000. The paper points out that the vice is a secret one and too little is said about it by reformers of social evils, but the fact is that statistics show that about one out of eighty of the American population is addicted to opium in some form. If this is a fact it is high time that American public sentiment awoke to the peril that is confronting their manhood and womanhood. "Many users of the drug, especially 'Indies,' the paper says, 'would indignantly deny that they are opium fiends. They never visit an 'opium joint' or 'hit the pipe.' They only take some 'patent medicine' which soothes their pain or stops their cough or gives them new strength and rejuvenated spirits. They feel better after taking the concoctions, and may never realize that they are opium fiends. Cigarettes are dosed with opium and yet growing boys are permitted to buy and smoke them openly. Even the liquor traffic may not be outlasted by the debauchery of opium in America, far more demoralising than it is in China.' Here is what the Americans themselves would call a "tough proposition" for some of the social reformers to tackle.

LOCAL AND COAST NEWS.

This afternoon a number of griffins are to be disposed of by drawing. They are said to be a sound lot.

Two native banks in Kirin have suspended payment in consequence of the commercial depression.

His Excellency Sir Frederick Lugard's photograph appears in the current issue of the "Far Eastern Review."

Just before the steamer Wai Shun cleared from Weihaiwei for Hongkong a Chinaman jumped overboard and was drowned.

Fire broke out in the Oriental Hotel, in Kobe on Dec. 3, and the annex was destroyed. No lives were lost, but the damage was by no means small.

To-day the dollar was quoted at 1s 11½d., the lowest since October, 1905. It is two years since the dollar was below 2s. in value.

The annual general meeting of the Old Voluntas Society takes place this afternoon at the office of the Hon. Mr H. E. Pollock, Bank Buildings.

With reference to the new Chinese weights and measures the Chinese Minister to Paris has wired that he has obtained the proper models and will send them to China shortly.

Mr Donald MacDonald, who was Engineer-in-chief at the Quarry Bay Shipyard, is now Consulting Engineer for the works with Messrs. Butterfield and Swire in London.

Regulations for the introduction of wireless telegraphy have been issued by the Peking Board of Communication for consideration with the idea of introducing it largely into China.

The Peking Government has instructed H.E. Yang Shih-ch'i, Special Commissioner to visit Chinese subjects residing in the South Pacific islands, and to conclude a tariff treaty with them.

The Governors of all the Chinese provinces have been directed to report fully on all inland waterways and openings for navigation and trade, and to promote all new schemes for extended water services in future.

Telegrams from Japanese sources at Newchwang announce repeated outrages by the Chinese in Chientao, on the Manchurian-Korean frontier. Mr Hayashi, the Japanese Minister at Peking, is protesting to the Waiwupu.

We are told that an interesting wedding was celebrated yesterday in the R. C. church, the bride being 69 or 70 years of age, and the bridegroom 55 or 56. The wedding was witnessed by a large number of guests and spectators.

Special Commissioner Yang Shih-ch'i has recommended Mr Liu Tseh-sun, one of the prominent Chinese merchants in Sim, to the Throne as being the most suitable man for the post of Chinese Consul in Bangkok.

It is reported that after a long discussion about the Japanese priests in Fukien, the Minister at Peking has agreed to the proposal of the Chinese Government that the priests may travel in the province, but must not preach to the natives.

It is reported that Wu Ting-fang has been ordered by their Majesties to compile a minute report upon the laws common to the states of the U.S.A., civil, criminal and commercial laws and law of procedure as well as constitution and also financial questions.

Our Swatow correspondent writes under date of Dec. 7:—A new German Consul has arrived, and a German gunboat is in the harbour. The "Chao Po" newspaper has suspended publication. Mr 'Siung, of the railway, is, I believe, the sole creditor to the tune of some 8000 of his hard-earned Sumatran dollars.

For stealing seventeen brass bits, a quantity of screws, locks, hinges and pieces of brass, a coolie was sent to gaol for three weeks with six hours in the stocks or an additional fourteen days' hard labour. He pleaded he bought the brass bits some six or seven years ago and that the screws, etc., were given to him by an European in the Naval Yard. He was also employed in the Naval Yard. Mr Hazeldand did not believe his story.

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY
CURES QUICKLY, SAFELY
AND EASILY.

MR M. Cantor, proprietor of the Universal Supply Store at Smaldest, O.R.O., says: "I have used and sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for over five years in South Africa and find it gives relief in a very short time and always gives satisfaction to my customers. When I was in England on a trip I was sorry to find that I could not procure this remedy, as a doctor's advice or anything else would not cure me so quickly, safely and easily." This medicine is sold all over South Africa and there is nothing better for coughs, colds or croup as it contains absolutely nothing injurious and is perfectly safe to give the little ones. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

A TRAM SMASH.

Yesterday afternoon a coolie in charge of a load of wood collided with a tram and smashed the windows in the back portion, the damage being estimated at \$25. The owner of the wood paid half the damage, and the hirer of the cart paid the balance, while the coolie in charge of the cart was held before the Magistrate this morning and fined \$10 for reckless handling of the cart. The fine was paid. At the time of the smash there were a number of Europeans in the car who narrowly escaped being cut by the flying glass.

NAVAL AND MILITARY
MISSIONARY FESTIVAL.

A special Missionary Service will be held in St. John's Cathedral on Wednesday, December 11, at 9 p.m., for members of the Army and Navy. This special Service being held for the purpose of giving information on Missions, and not to raise funds, there will be no collection. All members of the Army and Navy, their families and friends, are cordially invited to be present. We understand that the Governor and Lady Lugard and Admiral Moore will be present. During the Service the anthem "Son of my Soul" will be sung, and the Solo parts will be taken by Mrs Barrett and Master J. Stuart (Soprano), Mrs Perkins (Contralto), Mr S. Moore (Tenor), and Mr F. A. Biden (Bass). The duet "Love Divine" will be sung by Mrs Kow and Mr E. B. Ayris. A sermon will be preached by the Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Victoria.

A PSEUDO DETECTIVE.

Mr C. Arnold, of Quarry Bay, lost some jewellery whilst watching the procession last week and reported the matter to No. 2 Police Station. On Saturday evening he was approached by a Chinaman who said he was a detective and Mr Arnold asked him if he had found anything about his lost jewellery. While walking together the alleged detective offered to find the jewellery if Mr Arnold gave him \$20, but this he would not do and as the detective showed by his conversation that he did not know the inspector or sergeants in No. 2 Police Station Mr Arnold held him until a policeman arrived and gave him in charge. Mr Goldring appeared for the defence at the Magistrate's this morning, but Mr Hazeldand convicted and fined the accused \$25, or six weeks' imprisonment.

A PROCESSION INCIDENT.

During the progress of the procession on Saturday a coolie approached one of the bearers of the dragon and told him that his son was ill at home. He wanted to secure a charm from the dragon with which to cast out the bad joss. The bearer said he could not support the drum and cut off a piece at the same time, and told the coolie to help himself. The latter did so and was seen by some of the bystanders, who raised the cry of "thief." Two or three of those taking part in the pageant rushed in the direction indicated and seized an old decrepit man handling him rather roughly. He protested his innocence and the coolie who had the piece of silk admitted his guilt, but seeing the ominous looks of his questioners he bolted. Chase was given but the coolie fled into the police station and was there kept until all danger had passed. It is to be hoped his charm was effectual; he certainly risked a lot to get it. Several times during the progress of the dragon through the streets women with infants on their backs ran underneath presumably for good joss.

VISCOUNT AOKI'S RECALL.

TOKYO, December 4.
His Excellency, Viscount Aoki, who has been interviewed at Washington, states that he is returning home for the purpose of reporting verbally to his Government on a number of subjects, including immigration. His return can in no way be construed as an indication of any unfriendliness between the two nations, for the American Government knows very well that Japan is disposed to be one of her best friends.

The adjustment of the immigration question, said the Ambassador, presented no problem of any serious nature.

New York, December 4.
It is reported that Viscount Aoki, Japanese Ambassador at Washington, has informed President Roosevelt that he has been summoned to Tokyo for a conference on questions pending between the United States and Japan.
A belief is prevalent that this in reality means the Ambassador's recall, such a decision having been prompted by the antagonism of the Progressive party.
Mr Root, Secretary of State, says that there is no break in the relations of the two countries.

TOKYO, December 4.
The recall of Viscount Aoki, Japanese Ambassador to Washington, is confirmed, but the step has not been taken with a view to make Japan's policy in America more aggressive, inasmuch as the relations between the two countries remain most friendly, and Japan hopes to make them still closer.—"N. C. Daily News."

It is evident that intelligent Chinese have come to recognize that in spite of our exclusion policy of which not only they but other Asiatics are disposed to complain, we have given more proofs of sincere good will than have been forthcoming from any other western nation, and may with good reason be looked upon as their country's best friend.—"New York Sun."

WHY SUFFER FROM RHEUMATISM.
Do you know that rheumatic pains can be relieved? If you doubt this just try one application of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. It will give you relief from pain and will make rest and sleep possible. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

POLICING THE WEST
RIVER.

(Chinese Mail's Service).

PEKING, December 8.

Tit Liang, the Secretary of War, strongly objects to the policing by Great Britain of the West River, and it is stated that the matter is down for re-consideration.

The Swatow Protest.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SWATOW, Dec. 7.

Swatow, of all places in China to participate in the hysterical agitation now rampant against the employment of British gunboats for the suppression of piracy about Canton! I was surprised to hear that on the 4th instant a meeting was held here at which the usual nervous patriotism manifested itself and the senseless performance brought to a fitting close by the sending of a senseless telegram to the Waiwupu. Prominent in this assembly, or at least, as I learn from the Chinese newspapers, were the compradors of a prominent foreign firm, and the editor of the local newspaper, weight and dignity as well, were given to the assembly by the presence of a large number of "students," many of them of the mature age of eight or thereabouts. The fact that the per capita wealth of this district is so high is due in an overwhelmingly large measure to the money made by the natives in British colonies, under British law and protection, and from British trade and trade. Without the money from the Straits Settlements, which has been steadily enriching this district for many years, it would be far less prosperous than it is.

Viewing the matter in its more correct and larger aspect as an anti-dynastic, anti-foreign rather than an anti-British exhibition, it becomes more remarkable! It is a fact that the wealth of this place comes almost entirely, if not entirely from foreign sources. The newspaper man knows very well that his newspaper would not run very long if it were not for the foreigner's money earned by his clansman—the hakkas—in foreign countries. As for his fellow comedian, the comprador, it is a well-known fact that he and his employer make their money from trade—mostly foreign—and the coolie business. The comprador must surely have been laughing in his sleeve at the whole performance! He has a strong sense of humour, that I know, and he knows full well that it is the foreigners money that places him in a sufficient prominent position to justify his leadership. In Swatow there is much jealousy between the compradors of the four leading foreign firms—three of them British—and while the participating comprador might think he has scored off the others I do not think anyone else does, least of all the remaining three of the quartette. As for the students (?) who attended, and also paraded our village streets with drum and bugle the least said the better. The most charitable construction to be placed on their actions is that they are due to exuberance of youth—but still one cannot help reflecting that it is the foreigners' money that allows them to be sent to school instead of being turned into "agricultural labourers."

The people—the law abiding villagers—in Canton never started this agitation. They fear piracy and want the waterways kept clear for traffic. Then, if the agitation was not started by that class who could have started and engineered it? It couldn't be the pirates, or those who profit by piracy could it? Or the revolutionist? Perish the thought! Though the British could enlighten the Chinese on the subject—if they need enlightenment—I do not think any explanation is wanted or needed. The Chinese know the British never act in ignorance, or without good cause.

NEW PAPER MONEY.

The "Revolutionary" Bank.

(From Our Correspondent.)

SWATOW, December 7.

I presume the Chinese authorities have seen our latest paper money? I saw a note the other day. On one side in English, and on the other side in French is printed—red ink on white paper—the following: (I quote the English version): "The Chinese Revolutionary Government promises to pay the bearer One Hundred Dollars after one year of its establishment in China, on demand at the Treasury of the said Government in Canton or its agents abroad. January 1, 1906. (signed) The President, Sun Wen." In addition to a number, the paper is watermarked.

MACAO-CANTON RAILWAY.

The "Universal Gazette," a Chinese paper, says: "The Cantonese have decided to build the railway between Canton and Macao with China's own funds and have asked the Waiwupu to confirm the cancellation of the agreement with Portugal."

PNEUMONIA.

THIS is one of the most dangerous, and often fatal, diseases. It always results from a cold or an attack of influenza. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy quickly cures these diseases and counteracts any tendency towards pneumonia. It is made especially for colds and similar ailments. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

AMERICA'S FINANCE.

Another Bank Closed.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, December 7. The Fort Pitt National Bank at Pittsburgh has been closed by order of the controller of currency.

The liabilities are estimated at \$5,500,000 gold.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Natal's Actions Criticised.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, December 7. The Radical newspapers are violently attacking Natal on the ground that the Colony's arbitrary actions are provoking a war with the Zulus.

THE MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, December 6. The renewed rise in the American currency premium, and the continued demand for gold have prevented a reduction of the Bank rate.

RUSSIA AND THE UNITED STATES.

LONDON, December 6. The Tsar has received Mr. Taft in audience. The American Embassy in St. Petersburg is receiving numerous applications from Russian officers, offering their services as volunteers in the Philippines and elsewhere in the Pacific.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, December 6. The death is announced of Mr. Campbell of the Chinese Customs.

THE TROUBLE IN ZULULAND.

LONDON, December 6. A strict censorship of news from Zululand has been established, and the movements of the troops will not be reported.

The mule transport service is defective, and oxen will be used, though the district is infected.

It is officially announced in Durban that Zululand is quiet, but the military preparations are not relaxed.

THE MAURITANIA'S EASTERN PASSAGE.

LONDON, December 6.

The Mauritania has arrived at Queenstown, in 4 days, 22 hours, 29 seconds, a record eastern passage.

COLLISION OF WAR SHIPS.

LONDON, December 6.

H. M. S. Prince George broke away from her moorings at Portsmouth yesterday evening, and collided with the H. M. S. Shannon.

The battleship is badly holed and has been put into dry dock.

The cruiser's upperworks are damaged.

BRITISH COTTON SPINNING PROFITS.

LONDON, December 6.

A statement of the Cotton Spinning profits for 1907 shows that it is the most remunerative year ever experienced in Lancashire.

The profit of 65 Mills amounts to £877,541 on the combined share and loan capitals, working out at 24.57%.

CRICKET.

The M.C.C. in Australia.

LONDON, December 6.

In the match An Australian Eleven v. England (at Brisbane) the former made 299, and the latter 61 for 1 wicket.

THE NAVY.

LONDON, December 7.

The new British destroyer Tartar on her trial trip made 35.952 knots per hour.

MR. TAFT'S TOUR.

LONDON, December 7.

Mr. Taft has left Berlin for Hamburg, en route to America.

Interviewed, he denied that his tour had any political significance, except in regard to the Philippines, the development of which was satisfactory.

There was no question of abandoning or selling the islands.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A COLLIERY DISASTER.

Five Hundred Entombed.

(Exclusive Service, supplied by Reuters, via Bombay.)

LONDON, December 7. A colliery explosion has occurred at the Monongah mines, West Virginia, U.S.A., as a result of which 500 men and boys are entombed.

The mines are believed to be on fire and a recovery is considered hopeless.

CHOWFU.

Candidate for the Waiwupu.

(Chinese Mail's Service)

PEKING, December 8. His Excellency Chowfu, formerly Viceroy of Canton, is a candidate for the Presidency of the Waiwupu (Chinese Foreign Office).

WUCHOW TRADE.

Proposed Abolition of Tax.

(Chinese Mail's Service.)

PEKING, December 8. In response to representations made to the Peking Government by the Wuchow merchants for the abolition of certain taxes on imported goods as a measure towards minimising the difficulties of the merchants, the Peking Government has wired to Chang Ming K'i, Governor of Kwangsi, to make the best arrangements to meet the wishes of the merchants.

THE KIANGSI TROUBLE.

Military Aid Resorted To.

(Chinese Mail's Service.)

PEKING, December 8. Owing to trouble brought about by the opposition of the populace of Kiangsi to the loan from the British Corporation for the construction of Railways, Admiral Sah, Commander of the Northern Squadron, has been ordered to proceed to the vicinity to make demonstrations.

THE PARTNERSHIP CASE.

The hearing of the action to determine whether Yim Quon and Chan Man Chi were partners in the Wing Ki Cheung firm was continued in the Original Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court to-day before His Lordship Sir Francis Piggott (Chief Justice).

Mr. M. W. Shade appeared for the plaintiffs and Sir Henry Berkeley, K.C., for the defendants.

When plaintiffs' case had concluded Sir Henry Berkeley argued that there was no case for him to answer. He quoted Taylor to show that the admission of one of the parties could not be taken as proof but it must be shown by independent proof. It could not be shown by partly independent evidence which was merely prima facie, but principally by the evidence of the parties—Mr. Shade—in the witness box.

Sir Henry—Anyhow.

After argument Sir Francis ruled that Sir Henry would have to go on with the defence.

Sir Henry then outlined the defence. Neither Chan Man Chi nor Yim Quon had been at any time partners of the Wing Ki Cheung. Witnesses would be called who could say who the partners, whose names were supposed to be the defendants, really were. The Wing Ki Cheung was really started by three men and Pun Sik Chi really had nothing to do with it. Pun Sik Chi said he was one of the promoters and lived on the premises, yet his name did not appear on the registry of householders. Other partners joined, including two who used the name of the defendants. All Chan Man Chi had to do with the firm was to protect his great-uncle's interest when the question of reconstruction cropped up.

The case was not concluded when we went to press.

FOREIGN MERCHANTS IN JAPAN.

A Bitter Attack.

The "Kobe Herald" of November 28 says:—"To-day's 'Osaka Asahi' publishes a lengthy article in which it alleges that many foreign firms at Kobe, mainly German and American, are engaged in systematically evading the Customs duties on imported goods by means of bogus invoices supplied by the exporting firms in Germany and America. Those British and other firms which do not resort to such practices are, it asserts, being seriously embarrassed by this unfair competition. While it is as well to draw attention to the allegations being made in the Japanese papers, we referred to a similar accusation in the 'Mainichi' some days ago—it may be pointed out that no shred of evidence has as yet been produced to justify these charges. A protest may also be made against the 'Asahi's' attempt to brand merchants of certain nationalities as especially guilty of dishonourable practices."

SPORTING.

Boxing.

BELLEVUE BEATS ROBERTS.

FIVE EXCITING CONTESTS.

All who were present at the City Hall on Saturday evening, when five boxing contests were fought out to a finish, must have gone away thoroughly satisfied with the genuineness of each bout. There was no fancy sparring and each competitor who entered the roped arena was there to win or take his grueling manfully. And the loser in each of the five contests stuck to his work until compelled to retire—four being "knocked out" and one capitulating when the tide of fortune had set hopelessly against him.

The principal item on the programme was a contest between Bel- low—who vanquished Perkins last month—and Roberts, and the bout was billed to be a twenty round one, though very few people—even Roberts' supporters—expected it to last that time. Their anticipations of a stirring fight were realised, for although the battle concluded in the third round a great deal of hard fighting was crowded into that space. It was fast from going to go, and all the spectators were roused to a high pitch of enthusiasm, both contestants coming in for hearty applause.

In the first round Bel- low led with a left and crossed smartly with the right, but Roberts evaded cleverly and put in a left punch which landed on Bel- low's mouth, bringing blood. A couple of smart exchanges followed, both men smothering up when pressed. A stinging right hand punch from Bel- low caught Roberts in the ribs and forced the latter back, but he came up gamely and tried to land with both hands. His opponent jumped clear and sparred for a couple of seconds before landing again—just before the round closed. Bel- low swung his right and missed and was sent to the floor, being caught off his balance. He was up again and the round ended.

Roberts' cheek was bleeding slightly as he stepped out to resume, while there was also a trickle from Bel- low's mouth. The two men were soon at it and in some fighting Roberts was sent down, Bel- low having landed heavily with his right on the body. The prostrated man rose at once and "mixed it" with his opponent. Bel- low tried continuously for Roberts' jaw but each time the latter got clear, though twice Bel- low seemed to have scored. And Roberts was not idle. He made the fight just as "willing" as Bel- low could have desired. He forced Bel- low to the ropes and pounded away at him but Bel- low smothered up cleverly and Roberts' blows did not seem to have much effect.

Then suddenly Bel- low's left shot out, followed by the right for the body and Roberts had to retreat before the force onslaught. Both men were fighting hard and each took the chance of receiving a blow in order to score on the other. The round ended with a roar of applause from the audience.

So far Bel- low had the better of the fight but the display made by Roberts had surprised even his most sanguine supporters. At times he more than held his own though he could not break through Bel- low's guard to reach the point. Most of his blows were directed for the jaw, but they either landed on Bel- low's glove, his head or his neck. Once Roberts scored on Bel- low's cheek, giving it a flushed appearance. The third round saw the end. Bel- low led and Roberts' met the lead with a right on the body. Bel- low's left then found a resting place on Roberts' jaw and before the latter could recover a second blow by the same hand sent him through the ropes and "out." Bel- low won by his defeat. He put up a good fight against a more skilled opponent.

Mariotti, of the Naval Yard Police, beat Griffiths, of the Army Ordnance Corps, in three rounds, each round being stirring and exciting. The first round saw Griffiths the aggressor, but Mariotti's agility in ducking saved him from punishment. A couple of lefts on the chin steadied Griffiths and honours were fairly even at the end of the round. The second round showed Mariotti's superiority. He connected twice with right crosses, but in close fighting Griffiths seemed to show out the better. In the third round Mariotti landed with a hard left lead, and as Griffiths wavered he crossed with his left again on to the jaw and put his opponent out.

Coyne, whose weight was given as seven pounds less than that of his opponent Frith, won in the fourth round. The fight was fierce, but Frith showed palpable signs of exhaustion in the second round. He was not in sufficiently good condition to stand the exertion of a three bout and he capitulated in the fourth round. The contest was fast and Coyne was knocked down once, after which he hurried his opponent incessantly. Both fought vigorously until Frith began to show signs of fatigue and ended down, simply trying to prevent Coyne from scoring. However, the latter was not to be denied and he drove Frith all round the ring until the soldier gave in. Frith, well trained, should put up a good tussle, with anyone his weight and if matched with Mariotti ought to extend the latter.

Wilks gave an exhibition of "limb-jumping" in his contest with Perkins, being down 13 times in four rounds. Each time he went down he found safety on the floor but at last Perkins—in the fifth round—landed with the left on the jaw and put Wilks "out" with a right hook, which caught his opponent as he still looked from the effects of the previous blow. Wilks did all the leading, but did not land a blow worth mentioning. He certainly hit Perkins but his blows seemed to lack force and he did not remain on his feet long enough for Perkins to punish him much.

An amateur contest—the first fought publicly in Hongkong for many years—provided no little excitement and amusement. The aspirants for amateur status honours were Mr. Soares and Private Aldridge. The latter started as though he expected to beat his opponent in less than ten seconds for he literally flew at him like a stone from a catapult and dazed Soares by his impetuosity. The latter kept clear until Aldridge had cooled down somewhat—which was not long—and then exchanged a few blows. A startling incident happened in the second round, for Soares, who had been boxing warily, suddenly opened out and after landing with both hands on the soldier's head he suddenly dropped him with a left on the jaw. The soldier rose to time and the round ended.

Though Aldridge was still shaky in the next round Soares stood off and boxed carefully, so that the soldier held out for another round.

In the fourth round Soares won, dropping his opponent with a right swing.

During the evening C. Clifford, of Brooklyn, challenged anyone in the Colony at 160 lbs. and Corporal Green offered to wrestle anyone up to 140 lbs for a purse. All the arrangements were excellent and Mr. A. B. Parker made an efficient referee.

Cricket.

HONGKONG v. UNITED SERVICES.

The Hongkong Club made a poor showing in the two days' match against the United Services for which only four wickets remained to fall in the second innings they were still three runs short of the Services' first innings' total. The scores were:—

HONGKONG.	
First Innings.	
T. E. Pearce, c. sub-study, b. Beasley...	63
A. A. Claxton, b. Barton...	3
W. A. Powell, b. Barton...	0
W. C. D. Turner, c. Beasley, b. Sharpe...	59
E. A. Fowler, b. Barton...	34
H. Hancock, b. Barton...	1
A. A. Claxton, run out...	1
L. J. Wishart, b. Sharpe...	14
A. H. Young, not out...	5
A. W. J. Penke, c. Stephenson, b. Barton...	0
A. O. Brown, c. Krickbeck, b. Sharpe...	0
Sundries...	4
Total...	190

Second Innings.	
R. Hancock, b. Barton...	24
H. Hancock, c. Taylor, b. Barton...	4
E. A. Fowler, c. Sharpe, b. Barton...	32
W. A. Powell, c. and b. Sharpe...	13
A. A. Claxton, run out...	1
A. W. J. Penke, b. Sharpe...	8
L. J. Wishart, not out...	5
A. O. Brown, not out...	7
Sundries...	7
Total (for 6 wks.)...	97

BOWLING.				
First Innings.				
		O.	M.	R. W.
p. Sharpe	... ..	15	5	32 3
G. Barton	... ..	15	1	73 6
G. Wilson, R.N.	... ..	8	1	25 0
Raymond, R.N.	... ..	3	1	16 0
Beasley, R.A.	... ..	4	0	28 1
erty		3	0	12 0

Second Innings.	
Corp. Sharpe...	7 0 50 3
Corp. Sharpe...	6 0 40 2

First Innings.	
Capt. Krickbeck, c. Wishart, b. Claxton 89	
Eng.-Lt. Sharpe, c. Claxton, b. Pearce 16	
Lt. Raymond, c. and b. Penke 4	
Capt. Beasley, c. R. Hancock, b. Penke 6	
Lt. Taylor, run out 17	
Major Chitt, c. Fowler, b. Penke 27	
Roberts, c. and b. Pearce 22	
H. G. Wilson, b. Claxton 60	
Major Stephenson, at Hancock b. Claxton 4	
Pto. Barton, not out 30	
Corp. Sharpe, at Hancock, b. Wishart 1	
Sundries 14	
Total...	290

BOWLING.	
O. M. R. W.	
T. E. Pearce...	32 11 70 2
A. W. J. Penke...	29 10 63 3
L. J. Wishart...	8 0 31 1
A. A. Claxton...	11 1 51 3
E. A. Fowler...	1 1 1 0
R. Hancock...	7 0 29 0
A. O. Brown...	9 0 31 0

A match between the Police and Hongkong "A" resulted in a win for the Police.

The scores are:—

HONGKONG "A."	
First Innings.	
H. R. Makin, c. Edwards, b. Irvine...	2
A. Mackenzie, l.b.w., b. Kerr...	10
S. Moore, c. Ogg, b. Kerr...	8
J. W. Taylor, run out...	0
E. A. Fowler, c. Woodhouse, b. Irvine...	2
A. S. Challen, c. Pitt, b. Irvine...	3
J. H. Taylor, b. Kerr...	3
H. H. Taylor, b. Kerr...	3
Sundries...	1
Total for 7 wickets...	29

POLICE.	
Lander, Mackenzie, b. Chalmers...	13
W. Pitt, b. Makin...	6
R. N. Edwards, b. Chalmers...	51
P. E. J. Woodhouse, c. Wolff, b. Mac-	
kenzie...	7
W. Kent, b. Chalmers...	27
D. McHardy, not out...	19
G. Fowler, c. Mackenzie, b. Makin...	0
J. Ogg, not out...	0
Sundries...	4
Total for 6 wickets...	127

Lawn Bowls.

The Vice-President's Competition promoted by the Kowloon Bowling Club was concluded on Saturday afternoon when Mr. T. Petrie defeated Mr. G. R. Edwards.

The former started briskly and soon had a commanding lead, but when the game was half completed the runner-up made a good bid to get on equal terms with his opponent and all but succeeded, the score being called 14-12. But Petrie was in good form and he added eight while his opponent scored one and thus won the trophy by 22 points to 12.

Next Saturday the Championship will be played between Mr. W. Russell and Mr. G. R. Edwards, and the final for the Pro-

sident's Prize between Mr. Petrie and Mr. J. Pouchon. Prizes will be presented at the conclusion of the match.

Football.

HONGKONG DEFEAT Y. M. C. A.

The Hongkong Club's Association team defeated the Y. M. C. A. on Saturday afternoon by one goal to nil, after a fast game. The teams were:—

HONGKONG:—Chinohen; E. F. Aucott, and H. L. Garrett; J. Hall, T. Wall, A. Gregory; W. H. Williams, C. Humphreys, O. Eager, R. R. Turner, and H. W. Sayer. Y.M.C.A.:—J. Cooper; R. T. Hamilton, J. McCubbin; F. Walker, R. O. Barlow, A. F. Piercy; M. W. Bishop, A. McFarlane, J. Coates, J. Forbes and J. C. Greenhalgh.

The Y. M. C. A. forwards showed out first and Forbes did a neat run along the left wing passing Aucott, but Garrett came across and found the line. Humphreys took the ball to the centre of the field and passed out to Sayer but McCubbin cleared the attack and kicked to Bishop who spoilt his side's chance by kicking behind. Loose play followed, weak kicking being shown by both sides, but the Club forwards began to break through the opposing backs. Williams put in a stinging shot which Cooper was lucky to clear, the ball bounding to Humphreys who failed to return smartly. Then Williams centred to Eager and the latter tried a flying shot without success. Forbes and Greenhalgh then rushed the ball behind the "opposite" line, but good play by Turner brought the ball back and sent along to Sayer. The latter delayed centring and was robbed of the ball by Walker, who passed inside to Barlow. The latter sent a long kick down field and Coates looked like scoring but he was driven back and once again Cooper was called on to save. Turner also put in a shot which tested Cooper severely and in defending from the play which followed McCubbin conceded a corner. The Club were having the best of matters and Eager put in a shot which caught the cross bar and bounded out. At last the Club broke through. Hamilton mis-kicked the ball and Gregory returned to in front of goal. Turner rushed up and getting the ball put it into the net. He was charged by both Greenhalgh and Forbes but succeeded nevertheless.

In the second half play was of a much more even character, the Y. M. C. A. playing a vigorous game. Play degenerated somewhat and foul play was shown by a couple of the Y. M. C. A. forwards, against whom the referee awarded free kicks. Most of the fouls were for illegal tackling, especially after the opponent had got rid of the ball. This kind of play will not strengthen a team, while it is prone to create a prejudice against them in the minds of referees, who may then penalise players of the same team for an unintentional breach of the rules. Several times in the second half the Y. M. C. A. should have scored, but they missed innumerable opportunities. It should be mentioned that both teams were below full strength.

LUNFANG FOOTBALL CLUB.	
The table for the Eleven-a-side Competition now stands:—	
Goals	
Ozorio's team (D) 4 3 0 1 5 2 10	
Victor's team (C) 4 3 0 1 4 1 10	
Cordoba's team (B) 3 1 0 1 2 2 9	
Rosa's team (G) 4 2 1 1 2 2 7	
Barretto's team (H) 3 1 1 1 2 2 4	
Britto's team (F) 4 1 3 0 1 4 3	
Barnes's team (A) 3 0 3 0 1 0 0	
Ribeiro's team (E) 4 0 4 0 0 7 0	
3 points for a win and 1 point for a draw.	

GOALS.	
P. W. L. D. F. A. Goals	
Ozorio's team (D) 4 3 0 1 5 2 10	
Victor's team (C) 4 3 0 1 4 1 10	
Cordoba's team (B) 3 1 0 1 2 2 9	
Rosa's team (G) 4 2 1 1 2 2 7	
Barretto's team (H) 3 1 1 1 2 2 4	
Britto's team (F) 4 1 3 0 1 4 3	
Barnes's team (A) 3 0 3 0 1 0 0	
Ribeiro's team (E) 4 0 4 0 0 7 0	

It is reported from London that the construction of a novel type of vessel has just been arranged for by Japanese officials, the builders being Messrs. Vickers Sons and Maxim. This vessel will be used for the transport to Japan of two submarines now building at Messrs. Vickers' Barrow-in-Furness works. In addition to this duty of transport, the ship is to be so designed that it can take the submarines into action, thereby giving the small craft a much wider radius of action. As the handling of submarines on board by derricks would be a matter of considerable difficulty, the design of this vessel, it is stated, embodies a plan whereby the submarines will be floated within the vessel and released, thereby ensuring secrecy of action.

A KOREAN TRAGEDY.

Remarkable Story of Revenge.

The following story, appeared in a Seoul vernacular paper recently, says the "Seoul Press," and indicates how deep is the feeling of Korean passion and how summary is the form which revenge sometimes takes in Korea.

Pi-do is an island attached to the prefecture of Chi-do. It is not large, and here from early childhood lived two men named Kim and Kang. Their houses adjoined each other, and their families were very intimate. The first of last month, Kim, having business elsewhere, left his house to visit another village. His friend Kang, having a matter to talk over with him, called at Kim's house, and not finding him at home presumed on a long-time friendship and entered the ante-room or inner room, and sat and talked with Mrs. Kim. While they were thus engaged Kim returned unexpectedly, and finding his friend Kang thus in the ante-room conversing with his wife, became very angry, and not only abused him roundly but administered a severe beating to Mrs. Kim. This so enraged the lady that, regarding Kang as the cause of her disgraces and shame, she seized a knife and plunged it into Kang, killing him instantly.

On hearing of this dreadful tragedy and the circumstances attending, Mrs. Kang took a knife and concealing it in her clothing went to the house of the Kim. Here she waited until her husband's body of her dead husband, shedding tears of bitter grief. Then, turning to Mr. Kim, she shrieked out "Revenge for my husband!" and springing at him, buried the knife in his bosom. He fell over backwards dead. The informant goes on to add that the people of the island, hearing of this, exclaimed: "Truly our island ladies have terrible bravery!"

On the 9th at 12.30 p.m.—The barometer has fallen moderately over N. China and the E. coast.

The high pressure area is lying over the Upper Yangtze, and pressure appears to be low over Manchuria and also over the Pacific in the neighbourhood of the Loochees.

The returns from Formosa and Japan are, however, lacking.

Fresh N. and N.E. winds are indicated in the Formosa Channel, and strong monsoon over the China Sea.

Hongkong Rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 10 a.m. to-day, 0.00 inches.

Forecast for the 24 hours ending at noon to-morrow.

Forecast District.

1.—Hongkong and Neighbourhood: N. winds, fresh; fair.

2.—Formosa Channel: N. and N.E. winds, fresh.

3.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamecks: Same as No. 1.

4.—South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan: Same as No. 1.

The Pontianak Coal Company has just been registered at Batavia. It intends to work coal mines in Dutch West Borneo in the district of Salimban. The Company is to run for 75 years on a capital of 250,000 guilders, and has bought up certain mining concessions at Salimban from Mr. J. E. H. G. David, a trader at Pontianak, who gets 250 shares, out of 2,500 available. Mr. J. E. H. G. David is the managing director. The other directors are two in number.

CROUP.

NOT a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy gives as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. For sale by all chemists and storekeepers.

The Robinson Piano Company, Ltd.

NEW PIANOS ON HIRE.

SPECIAL TERMS FOR THE FESTIVE SEASON.

Oh, Ho! So Here's for A Merry Christmas!

Just What To Give

CHRISTMAS AND NEW YEAR'S

Gifts for all. Dainty gifts, Useful gifts, Gifts for Men and Women. Gifts for Boys and Girls.

Gifts for those who can spend any amount, and gifts for those who needs must make every penny count.

Shipping.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PROPOSED SAILINGS OF MAIL STEAMERS

MARSEILLES & LONDON.

TAKING PASSENGERS ALSO FOR
COLOMBO, INDIA, AUSTRALASIA, EGYPT, BRINDISI, &c.
THROUGH TICKETS ISSUED TO BOSTON AND NEW YORK.

STEAMERS to COLOMBO	Leave HONGKONG	Arriving from COLOMBO to MALACCA & LONDON	Due at MALACCA (Brindisi) 2 days earlier	Due at PENANG (London) 1 day later
TONS	1907	TONS	Saturday, 1908	Saturday, 1908
MALTA.....8000	Dec. 14	MOLDAVIA.....10000	Jan. 11	Jan. 18
DELTA.....8000	Dec. 28	INDIA.....8000	Jan. 25	Feb. 1
ARADIA.....8000	Jan. 11, 1908	MONGOLIA.....10000	Feb. 8	Feb. 15
PENINSULAR.....7000	Jan. 25	MALACCA.....7000	Feb. 22	Feb. 29
PENINSULAR.....8000	Feb. 8	MAEDONIA.....10000	Mar. 7	Mar. 14
DEVANHA.....8000	Feb. 22	BRITANNIA.....7000	Mar. 21	Mar. 28
DELTA.....8000	Mar. 7	MOLTA.....10000 (through Suez)	Apr. 4	Apr. 11
MALTA.....8000	Mar. 21	(through Suez)	Apr. 18	Apr. 25
MALTA.....8000	Apr. 4	MOLDAVIA.....10000	May 2	May 9
DELTA.....8000	Apr. 18	HIMALAYA.....7000	May 16	May 23
DEVANHA.....8000	May 2	MONGOLIA.....10000	May 30	June 6
OCEANA.....7000	May 16	INDIA.....8000	June 14	June 21

Passengers change steamers at Colombo, and those for Brindisi transfer also to the Express Mail Steamer at Port Said.
Accommodation in the connecting steamer from Colombo is arranged in Hongkong at time of booking.

In addition to the above Mail Steamers the following

INTERMEDIATE (Non-Transit) STEAMERS

WILL LEAVE FOR

LONDON,

CARRYING SALOON PASSENGERS AT REDUCED RATES.

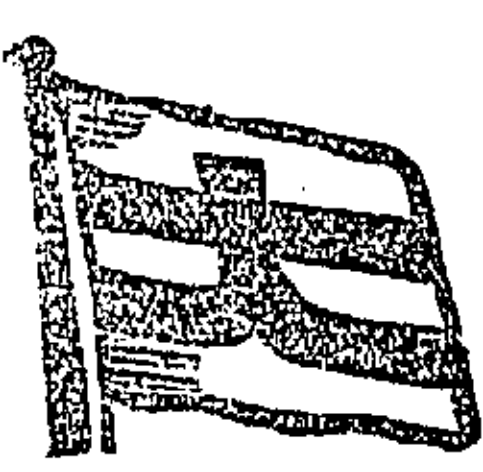
STEAMERS	Leave	Arriving	Leave	Arriving
to	Hongkong	from Hongkong	to	from Hongkong
TONS	1907	1908	TONS	1908
SYRIA	7000	Dec. 18	Feb. (1908)	3
NYANZA	7000	Jan. (1908)	17	
NILE	7000	Jan. 15	March	2
SUNDA	4700	Jan. 19	March	30
PALAWAN	4700	Feb. 12	March	30
NILIA	4700	March 11	April	17
BOENBO	4700	April 8	May	25
NORE	7000	May 6	June	22
SUMATRA	4700	June 3	July	20

These Steamers call also at Singapore, Penang, Colombo, and at Malta or Marseilles.
* Carry 1st and 2nd Saloon Passengers. + Carry only First Saloon Passengers.

For further particulars, Apply to

E. A. HEWETT,

Superintendent.



OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA.

REGULAR STEAMSHIP SERVICE
BETWEEN HONGKONG, SOUTH CHINA
COAST PORTS AND FORMOSAPROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG—
SUBJECT TO ALTERATION.

STEAMERS	Leave	Arriving	Leave	Arriving
to	Hongkong	from Hongkong	to	from Hongkong
TONS	1907	1908	TONS	1908
DALIN MARU	7000	Dec. 10	TUESDAY	10th
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec. 17	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
FUKUSHU MARU	7000	Dec. 24	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec. 31	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jan. 7	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jan. 14	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jan. 21	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jan. 28	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Feb. 4	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Feb. 11	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Feb. 18	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Feb. 25	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Mar. 4	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Mar. 11	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Mar. 18	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Mar. 25	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Apr. 1	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Apr. 8	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Apr. 15	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Apr. 22	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Apr. 29	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	May 6	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	May 13	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	May 20	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	May 27	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jun 3	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jun 10	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jun 17	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jun 24	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jul 1	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jul 8	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jul 15	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jul 22	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Jul 29	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Aug 5	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Aug 12	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Aug 19	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Aug 26	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Sep 2	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Sep 9	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Sep 16	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Sep 23	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Sep 30	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Oct 7	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Oct 14	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Oct 21	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Oct 28	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Nov 4	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Nov 11	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Nov 18	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Nov 25	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec 2	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec 9	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec 16	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec 23	Dec.	at 9 a.m.
SAKURA MARU	7000	Dec 30	Dec.	at 9 a.m.

* These Steamers have excellent Accommodation for First and Second-class Passengers, and are fitted throughout with Electric Light. First-class Saloon Ample. Unrivaled Table.

+ Taking Cargo on through Bills of Lading to all Yangtze & Northern China Ports.
For Freight, Passage and further information, apply at the Co.'s local Branch Office, at Second Floor, No. 1, Queen's Buildings.

T. ARIMA, Manager.

NORTHERN PACIFIC LINE.

BOSTON STEAMSHIP CO.

CONNECTING AT TACOMA WITH

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY CO.

PROPOSED SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG FOR

VICTORIA B.C. AND TACOMA

VIA

MOJI, KOBE AND YOKOHAMA.

STEAMERS	Tons	Operator	To Sail
* TREMONT	9606	T. W. Garlick	10th December, 1908
* SUVERIO	6233	W. Shotton	4th January, 1909
* KUMERIC	6233	Cowley	28th January, 1909
* SHAWMUT	9606	E. V. Roberts	21st February, 1909

+ Cargo only. * Passenger accommodation.

CHEAP FARES! EXCELLENT ACCOMMODATION ATTENDANCE AND
CULINARY ELITE LIGHT, DOCTOR AND STEWARDESS.

* The Twin-screw s.s. Shawmut and Tremont are fitted with very superior Accommodation for First and Second-Class Passengers. The large size of these vessels ensures steadiness at sea. Electric fan in each room. Barber's shop and steam laundry. Cargo carried in cold storage.

PARCEL EXPRESS TO THE UNITED STATES AND CANADA.

For further information, apply to

Dodwell & Co., Limited,

QUEEN'S BUILDINGS.

GENERAL AGENTS.

Notices to Consignees.

OCCIDENTAL & ORIENTAL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM SAN FRANCISCO, HONOLULU, JAPAN & SHANGHAI.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per Steamship ARIZONA.
The above Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery from alongside.

Cargo impeding the discharge of the vessel will be landed at once at Consignees' risk and expense.
Cargo remaining on board after twelve Noon, TUESDAY, December 10th, will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
All Cargo undelivered by Noon, FRIDAY, the 13th December, will be subject to rent.
All chafed and otherwise damaged cargo will be examined at the above Company's Godown on WEDNESDAY, December 11th, at 10 a.m.

S. SILVERSTONE, Agent.

Hongkong, December 6, 1907. 1907

BEN LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP BENARY.

FROM MIDDLESBRO', LONDON AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Limited, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.
No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 15th inst., or they will not be recognized.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 11th inst., at 11 a.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, December 4, 1907. 1923

SHIRE LINE OF STEAMERS, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM ANTWERP, MIDDLESBRO', LONDON, COLOMBO & STRAITS.

THE Steamship MONTGOMERYSHIRE, Captain HALL, having arrived from the above Ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.
No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 11th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on WEDNESDAY, the 11th inst., at 3 p.m.
No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, December 5, 1907. 1936

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship SCANDIA.

Captain VON DOHRN, having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature, and to take immediate delivery of their goods from alongside.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 10 a.m.

Any Cargo impeding the discharge will be landed at the Consignees' risk and expense.
All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 9th inst., at 3 p.m.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE, Hongkong Office.

Hongkong, December 4, 1907. 1924

IMPERIAL GERMAN MAIL LINE.

NORDEUTSCHER LOYD.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE Steamship YOROK having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods with the exception of Opium, Treasures and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, whence delivery may be obtained.
Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 10 a.m.

All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

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JAPANESE DESTROYER STRANDED.

Rear-Admiral Tanioka, Commander of the Takushiki Naval Station, has reported to the Naval Department that, while passing Hondo Channel on her way for Takushiki from Sasebo, the destroyer Sazanami stranded on Hirose rock. The bottom of her boiler room was damaged and submerged but no casualties occurred among the crew. On the news being received, a salving vessel was despatched from Sasebo to the scene of the disaster with a number of engineers and mechanics on board.

It is reported from Sasebo that the Kitan Maru, which went to the assistance of the Sazanami, went aground in Hondo Strait on Nov. 23. It is, however, believed that both vessels can be easily refloated.

We have to take the curious fact that, in spite of all the immense importations of dead meat—including game, poultry and rabbits—from foreign countries, the price of English meat, beef and mutton, never has fallen to any appreciable degree, and at the present moment is higher than ever.—"Country Life."

NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

FROM CALCUTTA, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

THE Company's Steamship KUMANG having arrived from the above Ports Consignees of Cargo by her are hereby informed that their goods will be delivered from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge or remaining on board after 4 p.m., the 6th inst., will be landed at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., Ltd., General Managers.

Hongkong, December 4, 1907. 1922

BOSTON STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

STEAMSHIP TREMONT.

FROM TACOMA, VICTORIA, YOKOHAMA, KOBE, MOJI AND MANILA.

THE above Steamer having arrived Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified to send in their Bills of Lading for counter-signature and to take delivery of their Goods from alongside.
Cargo impeding the discharge of the vessel will be landed and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Fire Insurance will be effected by us in any case whatever.
DODWELL & CO., LTD., Agents.

Hongkong, December 5, 1907. 1936

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

THE PENINSULAR & ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'S STEAMER NILE.

FROM ANTWERP, LONDON, MALTA, PORT SAID, SUEZ AND STRAITS.

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO by the above-named Vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon where each Consignment will be sorted out Mark by Mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.
Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 6 Hours.

Goods not cleared by the 18th inst., at 4 p.m., will be subject to rent.
No Fire Insurance will be effected by me in any case whatever.
Damaged packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognized. No claims will be admitted after the goods have left the Godowns.

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